ABSTRACT

This study described the emergent literacy skills and the factors that shaped

those skills for the development of a theoretical model for kindergarten pupils. Three

(3) kindergarten pupils and their parents were purposively chosen by their respective

teachers. It utilized the descriptive-qualitative research employing a case-study as an

approach. Informal interview guide and observation checklist was used to gather the

needed data through an in-depth-interview, observation, audio recording, and photo

documentation. Thematic and Narrative Analysis were the methods used in analysing

the data. Results of the study revealed that the emergent literacy skills of the participants

are reading skills, writing skills, speaking skills, listening skills, viewing skills, and

comprehension skills. The factors that shaped the participants' emergent literacy skills

were social media, home, and school. Parents' role in supporting the emergent literacy

skills of their children have been found to be significant as children who come to school

with these skills appear to be an advantage. A proposed theoretical model and a

pamphlet out of the results of the study were develop. It is recommended that parents

and teachers must provide young children with a foundation upon which to build

reading and writing skills.

Keywords: Emergent literacy, kindergarten pupils, case-study